	NADA Number: 065-110
Trade Name	PEN-G-MAX® Pro-Pen G In Aqueous Suspension
Sponsor	Teva Animal Health, Inc.
Ingredients	Penicillin G Procaine
Species	Horse, not for meat production Cat, no use class stated or implied Cattle, calves, non-ruminating Dog, no use class stated or implied Cattle, no use class stated or implied Sheep, no use class stated or implied Swine, no use class stated or implied
Routes of Administration	Intramuscular
Dose Form	Liquid (suspension)
Drug Form	Liquid (suspension)
Dispensing Status	OTC
	522.1696b Penicillin G procaine aqueous suspension.
	Specifications: Each milliliter contains penicillin G procaine equivalent to 300,000 units of penicillin G.
	Conditions of use:
	Dogs
	Amount: 10,000 units per pound of body weight daily at 24 hour intervals. For intramuscular use.
	Indications: Treatment of infections caused by penicillin sensitive organisms.
	Limitations: Continue treatment at least 48 hours after symptoms disappear. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.
	Cats
	Amount: 10,000 units per pound of body weight daily at 24 hour intervals. For intramuscular use.
	Indications: Treatment of infections caused by penicillin sensitive organisms.
	Limitations: Continue treatment at least 48 hours after symptoms disappear. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.
	Cattle

Amount: 3,000 units per pound of body weight (1 milliliter per 100 pounds body weight) daily. Administer by deep intramuscular injection.

Indications: Treatment of cattle for bacterial pneumonia (shipping fever) caused by Pasteurella multocida.

Limitations:

Dosage Amount, Indications & Limitations

Treatment should not exceed 4 consecutive days. Discontinue treatment for 10 days before slaughter. Milk that has been taken during treatment and for 48 hours after the last treatment must not be used for food. A withdrawal period has not been established for this product in preruminating calves. Do not use in calves to be processed for veal.

Sheep

Amount: 3,000 units per pound of body weight (1 milliliter per 100 pounds body weight) daily. Administer by deep intramuscular injection.

Indications: Treatment of sheep for bacterial pneumonia (shipping fever) caused by Pasteurella multocida.

Limitations: Treatment should not exceed 4 consecutive days. Discontinue treatment 9 days before slaughter.

Swine

Amount: 3,000 units per pound of body weight (1 milliliter per 100 pounds body weight) daily. Administer by deep intramuscular injection.

Indications: Treatment of swine for erysipelas caused by Erysipelothrix rhusiopathiae.

Limitations: Treatment should not exceed 4 consecutive days. Discontinue treatment for 7 days before slaughter.

Horses

Amount: 3,000 units per pound of body weight (1 milliliter per 100 pounds body weight) daily. Administer by deep intramuscular injection.

Indications: Treatment of horses for strangles caused by Streptococcus equi.

Limitations: Continue treatment at least 48 hours after symptoms disappear. Not for use in horses intended for food.

(NAS/NRC) status: The conditions of use were NAS/NRC reviewed and found effective. Applications for these uses need not include effectiveness data as specified by ?514.111 of this chapter, but may require bioequivalency and safety information.

Tolerances	Tolerances are established for residues of penicillin and the salts of penicillin in food as follows:
	a. In cattle: 0.05 part per million (negligible residue) in the uncooked edible tissues b. In chickens, pheasants, quail, swine, and sheep: zero in the uncooked edible tissues c. In milk or any processed food in which milk has been used: zero d. In eggs: zero e. In turkeys: 0.01 part per million in the uncooked edible tissues